ST. JOSEPH: Key Data Points

- The county observes a significantly lower percentage of mothers utilizing prenatal care during the first trimester (71.3% versus 80.6% respectively)
- A significantly lower percentage of mothers smoking during pregnancy, compared to the state of Indiana overall (13.4% versus 18.5% respectively)
- A significantly higher percentage of parents are unmarried in St. Joseph county, compared to the state (40.4% versus 37.1% respectively)
- St. Joseph county observed 78 accidental deaths (36 of which were motor vehicle), 27 suicidal deaths, and 23 homicides

Note: All figures relate to 2003 data from the Indiana State Department of Health, unless otherwise specified

Figure 1. Births

	Total		White		Black		Other	
	Number	Crude Rate*	Number	Crude Rate*	Number	Crude Rate*	Number	Crude Rate*
St. Joseph County	3,706	13.9	2,970	13.2	635	20.8	101	9.8
INDIANA	86,382		75,422		9,288		1,672	10.6

^{*} births per 1,000 population; U = unstable rate, based on fewer than 20 births

Figure 2. Mortality

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			NUN	MBER		RATE*			
COUNTY OF RESIDENCE	REPORTED RACE/ ETHNICITY	Live Births	Infant Deaths (< 1 yr)	Neonatal Deaths (< 28 days)	Post Neonatal Deaths (28-364 days)	Infant Deaths (< 1 yr)	Neonatal Deaths (< 28 days)	Post Neonatal Deaths (28-364 days)	
ST. JOSEPH	All Races	3,706	30	19	11	8.1	**	**	
	White	2,970	18	11	7	**	**	**	
	Black	635	10	6	4	**	**	**	
	Other	101	2	2	0	**	**	0	
	Hispanic	390	0	0	0	0	0	0	
INDIANA	All Races	86,382	641	417	224	7.4	4.8	2.6	
	White	75,422	479	309	170	6.4	4.1	2.3	
	Black	9,288	148	98	50	15.9	10.6	5.4	
	Other	1,672	14	10	4	**	**	**	
	Hispanic	6,763	38	22	16	5.6	3.3	**	

^{*}rate per 1,000 live births **Numerator is less than 20 and the rate is unstable

Figure 3. Outcome Indicators of Mother, by Race

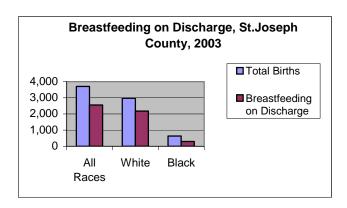
		Birth W	Veight	Duri			During Pregnancy		
ST. JOSEPH COUNTY	Total Births	% Low (< 2500 grams)	% Very Low (< 1500 grams)	%	% PNC 1st	% Alcohol	% Smoked	% Unmarried Parents	
All Races	3,706	8.2	1.9	8.9	71.3(S)	0.9	13.4(S)	40.4(S)	
White	2,970	6.2	1.4	7.3(S)	74.7(S)	0.8	13.1(S)	33.2	
Black	635	16.5	4.4	15.6	56.9(S)	1.4	15.9	77.3	

		Birth V			During P			
		% Low	% Very Low		% PNC 1st			%
	Total	(< 2500	(< 1500	Preterm	Trimester	%	%	Unmarried
INDIANA	Births	grams)	grams)	Ť	‡	Alcohol	Smoked	Parents
All Races	86,382	7.9	1.4	9.9	80.6	0.6	18.5	37.1
White	75,422	7.2	1.2	9.5	82.1	0.6	19.1	32.6
Black	9,288	13.3	3.3	13.3	68.2	1.1	15.2	76.3

[†] Preterm: less than 37 weeks gestation

Figure 4. Breastfeeding

ST. JOSEPH COUNTY	All Races	White	Black
Total Births	3,706	2,970	635
Breastfeeding on Discharge	2,551	2,177	294
% Breastfeeding on Discharge	68.8	73.3	46.3



[†] PNC: Prenatal Care

'S' Significantly different than the state percent

'**' Outcomes for this county are suppressed due to 20 or fewer total births

INDIANA	All Races	White	Black
Total Births	86,382	75,422	9,288
Breastfeeding on Discharge	54,636	49,385	3,959
% Breastfeeding on Discharge	63.2	65.5	42.6

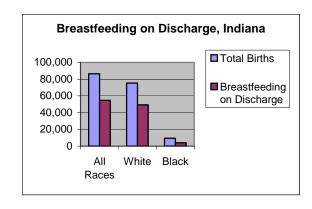


Figure 5. HIV/AIDS

	Total # of AIDS cases reported since 1982*	Total # of HIV cases reported since 1985*
ST. JOSEPH	353	213
COUNTY		
INDIANA	7,641	3,856

^{*}numbers current through June 2005

Figure 6. Nutritional Risk Factors by Status,

Indiana WIC Clinics, Quarter Ending 09/30/2004

Local Agenc	Local Agency: Memorial Health Systems									
Counties Included: St. Joseph										
	Childr	en 1-5 y	ears of Ago	e		Total	%			
Risk Factor or Status	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Other		within Agency			
Overweight	44	24	63	2	6	139	4.7%			
At Risk for becoming Overweight	52	27	47	2	11	139	4.7%			

Local Agency: State Wide Counties Included: All

Children 1-5 years of Age							%
Risk Factor or Status	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Other	Total	within Agency
Overweight	1,732	445	800	12	97	3,086	4.8%
At Risk for becoming Overweight	2,023	485	639	11	124	3,282	5.1%

	Priority Issues (St. Joseph & Indians	a)	
	Demographics: Percentage of population enrolled in Medicaid, Percentage of population enrolled in Food Stamps.	St. Joseph	Indiana
2	% of Population enrolled in Medicaid as of June 2003	13.7	12.4
3	% of Population in Food Stamps Program, 2004	9.7	8.6
	Priority #1 (pregnancy outcomes): Average Infant Mortality Rate, Average Fetal death Rate	St. Joseph	Indiana
1	Av Total Infant Death Rate (1993-2002)	8.1	8.1
2	Average Fetal Death Rate (1994-2003)	7.8	6.7
	Priority #2 (reduce barriers): Health Professional Shortage Areas, Percentage of women with prenatal care in first trimester	St. Joseph	Indiana
1	Scores for Primary Care Health Professional Shortage Areas (HPSAs) (2005)	13	NA
2	% PNC 1st Trimester†, 2003	71.3	80.6
]	Priority #4 (environmental): Prevalence of asthma, Childhood lead poisoning	St. Joseph	Indiana
1	Prevalence of Asthma in a Medicaid Cohort of Children age 0-17 years, 2003	10	10.4
2	%Estimated Lead Blood Levels (%EBLL) for Children under 6 years old FY 2004-2005	1.8	2.1
	Priority #5 (tobacco): Percentage of mothers who smoked during pregnancy, Percentage of Adult Smoking	St. Joseph	Indiana
1	% of mothers Smoked During Pregnancy, 2003	13.4	18.5
2	% of Adult Smoking in 2003	29.2	29.3
	Priority #7 (adolescent risk behaviors): Adolescent deaths due to motor vehicle accidents, Chlamydia rates (ages 15-24).	St. Joseph	Indiana
1	Number of Adolescent (15-24) deaths due to Motor vehicle accidents (2001-2003)	30	748
2	Chlamydia rates per 100,000 county specific population (15-24yrs of Age)	1645.04	1541.49
	Priority #8 (obesity): Obesity in pregnant women	St. Joseph	Indiana
1	Number of Obese Pregnant Women In Indiana, 2003	97	2,496
P	riority #9 (domestic violence, childhood injury): Child deaths due to Injury, Child abuse and neglect rates	St. Joseph	Indiana
1	Child deaths due to Injury 1-14yrs (2001-2003)	10	257
2	Child Abuse and Neglect per 1,000 Population under age 18, 2004	15.8	13.5
	Priority #10 (To improve racial and ethnic disparities in women of childbearing age, mothers, and children's health outcomes): ercentage of Hispanic Population of any Race, LBW Disparity Ratio	St. Joseph	Indiana
1	% of Hispanic Population of any Race, July,1,2004	5.5	4.3
2	Low Birth Weight Disparity Ratio (B/W) (1993-2002)	2.06	1.92

Source: Data Analysis Team, ISDH. **Notes:** 1. NS= Not Stable 2. NA = Not Available 3. Infant Mortality rate and Fetal Death rate is for 1000 live births. 4. Low Birth Weight: Birth Weight Less than 2,500grams. 5. HPSA Score ranges 1 – 25. The higher the score, the higher the need. 6. EBLL: Ten (10) micrograms of lead per deciliter of whole blood for one venous test; %EBLL is based on screening rate of 27% Statewide, unduplicated kids 7. Obesity in Pregnant Women determined by "Concurrent Illness Obesity" checkbox on the birth certificate 8. PNC percentages are calculated using total births in each county.

Note: The following priorities have been identified for St. Joseph County:

- **Priority # 1:** To decrease high-risk pregnancies, fetal death, low birth weight, infant mortality racial and ethnic disparities in pregnancy outcomes.
- **Priority # 2:** To reduce barriers to access to health care, mental health care and dental care for pregnant women, infants, children, children with special health care needs, adolescents, women and families.
- **Priority # 4:** To reduce morbidity and mortality rates from environmentally related health conditions including asthma, lead poisoning and birth defects.
- **Priority** # 7: To reduce risk behaviors in adolescents including unintentional injuries and violence, tobacco use, alcohol and other drug use, risky sexual behavior including teen pregnancy, unhealthy dietary behaviors and physical inactivity.
- **Priority #8:** To reduce obesity in Indiana.
- **Priority # 9:** To reduce the rates of domestic violence to women and children, child abuse and childhood injury in Indiana.
- **Priority # 10:** To improve racial and ethnic disparities in women of childbearing age, mothers, and children's health outcomes.